BARON PARTNERS FUND®



September 30, 2024

Institutional Shares (BPTIX)

CUSIP 06828M405



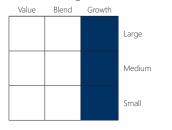
Portfolio Managers

Ron Baron founded Baron Capital in 1982. He has been portfolio manager of Baron Partners Fund since 1992, Baron Growth Fund since 1994, Baron Focused Growth Fund since 1996, and Baron WealthBuilder Fund since 2017. Ron has 54 years of research experience.

Michael Baron joined Baron Capital in 2004 as a research analyst. Micahel was named co-president of Baron Capital in 2024. He is portfolio manager of Baron Partners Fund since 2018 and Baron WealthBuilder Fund since 2020. He has 21 years of research experience.

Investment Strategy

This is a focused Fund that mainly holds in U.S. companies of any size with significant growth potential. A substantial percentage of the Fund's assets are in its top 10 holdings. The portfolio managers also use leverage. Non-diversified.



Portfolio Facts and Characteristi	ics
Inception Date	January 31, 1992
Net Assets	\$6.48 billion
# of Issuers / % of Net Assets	21 / 115.2%
Turnover (3 Year Average)	5.00%
Active Share	94.8%
Median Market Cap ⁴	\$18.49 billion
Weighted Average Market Cap ⁴	\$321.57 billion
As of EVE 12/21/2022	

As of FYE 12/31/2023

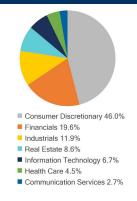
R6: BPTUX

Expense Ratio*	1.99%

*The Expense Ratio includes 1.04% of operating expense and 0.95% of interest expense.

Retail: BPTRX

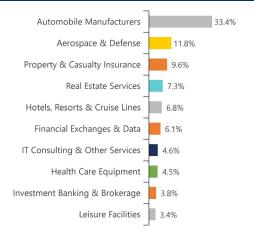
GICS Sector Breakdown^{1, 2, 5}



Top 10 Holdings^{2, 5} % of Total Investments Tesla, Inc. 33.4 Space Exploration Technologies Corp. 11.1 9.6 Arch Capital Group Ltd. CoStar Group, Inc. 7.3 Hyatt Hotels Corporation 6.8 Gartner, Inc. 4.6 IDEXX Laboratories, Inc. 4.5 FactSet Research Systems Inc. 4.2 The Charles Schwab Corporation 3.8 Vail Resorts, Inc. 3.4 88.6 Total Long Equity Exposure (% of Net Assets) 115.2

Top GICS Sub-Industry Breakdown^{1, 2}

Cash & Equivalents (% of Net Assets)



-15.2

Colors of Sub-Industry bars correspond to sector chart.

Performance									
	Total Re	eturn (%)		Α	nnualized Retu	ırns (%)			
	QTD	YTD	1 Year	3 Years	5 Years	10 Years	Since Inception 1/31/1992		
BPTIX-Institutional Shares	13.94	4.74	13.53	1.14	27.31	19.09	14.96		
Russell Midcap Growth Index	6.54	12.91	29.33	2.32	11.48	11.30	10.08		
Russell 3000 Index	6.23	20.63	35.19	10.29	15.26	12.83	10.49		
Morningstar Large Growth Category Average	3.70	21.92	38.83	7.39	16.08	13.73	-		

Historical Performance(Calendar Year %)									
	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
BPTIX-Institutional Shares	43.47	-42.41	31.73	149.18	45.38	-1.75	31.91	4.29	-2.43
Russell Midcap Growth Index	25.87	-26.72	12.73	35.59	35.47	-4.75	25.27	7.33	-0.20
Russell 3000 Index	25.96	-19.21	25.66	20.89	31.02	-5.24	21.13	12.74	0.48

The performance data quoted represents past performance. Past performance is no guarantee of future results. The investment return and principal value of an investment will fluctuate; an investor's shares, when redeemed, may be worth more or less than their original cost. The Adviser may waive or reimburse certain Fund expenses pursuant to a contract expiring on August 29, 2035, unless renewed for another 11-year term and the Fund's transfer agency expenses may be reduced by expense offsets from an unaffiliated transfer agent, without which performance would have been lower. Current performance may be lower or higher than the performance data quoted. For performance information current to the most recent month end, visit BaronCapitalGroup.com or call 1-800-99-BARON.

Performance Based Characteristics ³									
	Std. Dev. (%) - Annualized	Sharpe Ratio	Alpha (%) - Annualized	Beta	R-Squared (%)	Tracking Error (%)	Information Ratio	Upside Capture (%)	Downside Capture (%)
3 Years	36.71	-0.07	1.22	1.39	64.86	23.27	-0.05	147.38	151.59
5 Years	40.36	0.62	13.07	1.49	64.12	26.42	0.60	174.70	146.66
10 Years	31.02	0.56	5.16	1.39	65.00	19.64	0.40	150.95	140.21
Since Inception	27.07	0.46	4.80	1.12	66.33	15.88	0.31	126.21	116.14

Top Contributors/Detractors to Performance ⁴								
BY SUB-INDUSTRIES ¹			BY HOLDINGS					
Top Contributors	Average Weight (%)	Contribution (%)	Top Contributors	Average Weight (%)	Contribution (%)			
Automobile Manufacturers	35.97	10.55	Tesla, Inc.	35.97	10.55			
Property & Casualty Insurance	10.97	1.37	Arch Capital Group Ltd.	10.97	1.37			
Financial Exchanges & Data	6.99	1.07	Guidewire Software, Inc.	2.19	0.69			

Top Detractors	Average Weight (%)	Contribution (%)	Top Detractors	Average Weight (%)	Contribution (%)
Investment Banking & Brokerage	4.77	-0.59	The Charles Schwab Corporation	4.77	-0.59
Footwear	1.54	-0.16	Birkenstock Holding plc	1.54	-0.16
Leisure Facilities	3.98	-0.14	Vail Resorts, Inc.	3.98	-0.14

1 - The Global Industry Classification Standard ("GICS") was developed by and is the exclusive property and a service mark of MSCI Inc. ("MSCI") and S&P Global Market Intelligence ("S&P") and is licensed for use by BAMCO, Inc. and Baron Capital Management, Inc. (each an "Adviser" and collectively "Baron Capital" or the "Firm"). Neither MSCI, S&P, nor any other party involved in making or compiling the GICS or any GICS classification makes any express or implied warranties or representations with respect to such standard or classification (or the results to be obtained by the use thereof), and all such parties hereby expressly disclaim all warranties of originality, accuracy, completeness, merchantability and fitness for a particular purpose with respect to any of such standard classification. Without limiting any of the foregoing, in no event shall MSCI, S&P, any of their affiliates or any third party involved in making or compiling the GICS or any GICS classifications have any liability for any direct, indirect, special, punitive, consequential or any other damages (including lost profits) even if notified of the possibility of such damages. All GICS structure changes that have occurred since 2016 have been applied retroactively in historical holdings-based analyses, including performance attribution. The Adviser may have reclassified/classified certain securities in or out of a sub-industry within a sector. Such reclassifications are not supported by S&P or MSCI. 2 - The Fund's top 10 holdings and the sector and sub-industry breakdowns are expressed as a percentage of the Fund's long positions. These percentages may change over time. 3 - Source: FactSet SPAR. Except for Standard Deviation and Sharpe Ratio, the performance based characteristics above were calculated relative to the Fund's benchmark. 4 - Source: FactSet PA and Baron Capital. 5 - Individual weights may not sum to the total due to rounding.

Risks: The Fund is non-diversified which means, in addition to increased volatility of the Fund's returns, it will likely have a greater percentage of its assets in a single issuer or a small number of issuers, including in a particular industry than a diversified fund. Single issuer risk is the possibility that factors specific to an issuer to which the Fund is exposed will affect the market prices of the issuer's securities and therefore the net asset value of the Fund. As of the most recent quarter-end, about 33% of the Fund's long positions are invested in Tesla stock. Therefore, the Fund is exposed to the risk that were Tesla stock to lose significant value, which could happen rapidly, the Fund's performance would be adversely affected. Specific risks associated with leverage include increased volatility of the Fund's returns and exposure of the Fund to greater risk of loss in any given period.

The Fund may not achieve its objectives. Portfolio holdings may change over time.

Investors should consider the investment objectives, risks, and charges and expenses of the investment carefully before investing. The prospectus and summary prospectuses contain this and other information about the Funds. You may obtain them from the Funds' distributor, Baron Capital, Inc., by calling 1-800-99-BARON or visiting BaronCapital-Group.com. Please read them carefully before investing.

Performance reflects the actual fees and expenses that were charged when the Fund was a partnership. The predecessor partnership charged a 20% performance fee after reaching a certain performance benchmark. If the annual returns for the Fund did not reflect the performance fees the returns would be higher. The Fund's shareholders will not be charged a performance fee. The predecessor partnership's performance is only for periods before the Fund's registration statement was effective, which was April 30, 2003. During those periods, the predecessor partnership was not registered under the Investment Company Act of 1940 and was not subject to its requirements of the Internal Revenue Code relating to registered investment companies, which, if it were, might have adversely affected its performance.

Performance for the Institutional Shares prior to 5/29/2009 is based on the performance of the Retail Shares, which have a distribution fee. The Institutional Shares do not have a distribution fee. If the annual returns for the Institutional Shares prior to 5/29/2009 did not reflect this fee, the returns would be higher.

Definitions (provided by BAMCO, Inc.): The **Russell Midcap® Growth Index** measures the performance of medium-sized U.S. companies that are classified as growth. The **Russell 3000® Index** measures the performance of the largest 3,000 US companies representing approximately 98% of the investable US equity market, as of the most recent reconstitution. All rights in the FTSE Russell Index (the "Index") vest in the relevant LSE Group company which owns the Index. Russell® is a trademark of the relevant LSE Group company and is used by any other LSE Group company under license. Neither LSE Group nor its licensors accept any liability for any errors or omissions in the indexes or data and no party may rely on any indexes or data contained in this communication. The Fund includes reinvestment of dividends, net of withholding taxes, while the Russell Midcap® Growth and Russell 3000® Indexes include reinvestment of dividends before taxes. Reinvestment of dividends positively impacts the performance results. The indexes are unmanaged. Index performance is not Fund performance. Investors cannot invest directly in an index. Morningstar calculates the **Morningstar Large Growth Category Average** performance and rankings using its Fractional Weighting methodology. © **2024 Morningstar**. All Rights Reserved. The information contained herein: (1) is proprietary to Morningstar and/or its affiliates or content providers; (2) may not be copied, adapted or distributed; (3) is not warranted to be accurate, complete or timely; and (4) does not constitute advice of any kind, whether investment, tax, legal or otherwise. User is solely responsible for ensuring that any use of this information complies with all laws, regulations and restrictions applicable to it. Neither Morningstar nor its content providers are responsible for any damages or losses arising from any use of this information. Past performance is no guarantee of future results. **MORNINGSTAR IS NOT RESPONSIBLE FOR ANY DELETION, DAMAGE, LOSS OR FAILURE TO STORE**

ANY PRODUCT OUTPUT, COMPANY CONTENT OR OTHER CONTENT. Standard Deviation (Std. Dev.): measures the degree to which a fund's performance has varied from its average performance over a particular time period. The greater the standard deviation, the greater a fund's volatility (risk). Sharpe Ratio: is a risk-adjusted performance statistic that measures reward per unit of risk. The higher the Sharpe ratio, the better a fund's risk adjusted performance. Alpha: measures the difference between a fund's actual returns and its expected performance, given its level of risk as measured by beta. Beta: measures a fund's sensitivity to market movements. The beta of the market is 1.00 by definition. R-Squared: measures how closely a fund's performance correlates to the performance of the benchmark index, and thus is a measurement of what portion of its performance can be explained by the performance of the index. Values for R-Squared range from 0 to 100, where 0 indicates no correlation and 100 indicates perfect correlation. Tracking Error: measures how closely a fund's return follows the benchmark index returns. It is calculated as the annualized standard deviation of the difference between the fund and the index returns. Information Ratio: measures the excess return of a fund divided by the amount of risk the Fund takes relative to the benchmark index. The higher the information ratio, the higher the excess return expected of the fund, given the amount of risk involved. Upside Capture: explains how well a fund performs in time periods where the benchmark's returns are greater than zero. Downside Capture: explains how well a fund performs in time periods where the benchmark's returns are greater than zero. Downside Capture: explains how well a fund performs in time periods where the benchmark's returns are greater than zero. Downside Capture: explains how well a fund performs in time periods where the benchmark's returns are greater than zero. Downside Capture: explains how well a fund performs in time periods where the benc

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